

EYF	EYFS - Literacy									
Topic	Term 1 Settling at School	Term 2 Celebrations	Term 3 Favourite Stories	Term 4 Transport and Emergency	Term 5 We Love Animals	Term 6 Explorers				
Key Texts	Lulu's Body  Rocker  Rocker  Lulu's Body  Rocker  Lucy Count	Windows Next Spider!  Little One Little One	Gingerbread Man Gingerbread Man Man Back Beanstalk	FOG  The Train Ride	Cheixen Lucken  Tale of his large of the lar	Come away from the water, Stirley  Street  Str				

	Listen carefully to rhymes	Engage in story times.	Retell the story, once they	Read some letter groups	Engage in non-fiction	Listen to and talk about
	and songs, paying	Lingage in Story times.	have developed a deep	that each represent one	books.	selected non-fiction to
	attention to how they	Listen to and talk	familiarity with the text;	sound and say sounds for		develop a deep familiarity
	sound.	about stories to build	some as exact repetition	them.	Read simple phrases and	with new knowledge and
.: ::		familiarity and	and some in their own		sentences made up of	vocabulary.
ng	Read individual letters by	understanding.	words.	Read a few common	words with known letter-	,
Ē	saying the sounds for			exception words.	sound correspondences	Re-read books to build up
<u>ea</u>	them.	Blend sounds into	Learn new vocabulary.		and, where necessary, a	their confidence in word
ge D		words, so that they			few exception words.	reading, their fluency and
		can read short words	Spell words by identifying			their understanding and
Children will be learning		made up of known	the sounds and then		Write short sentences with	enjoyment.
<u> </u>		letter– sound	writing the sound with		words with known sound-	Farm lawer ages and
l Sign		correspondences.	letter/s.		letter correspondences	Form lower-case and
ਹ					using a capital letter and full stop.	capital letters correctly.
					Tuli Stop.	Re-read what they have
						written to check that it
						makes sense.
	/s/ /a/ /t/ /p/ /i/ /n/ /m/ /d/	/j/ /v/ /w/ /x/ /y/ /z/ /qu/	/ai/ /ee/ /igh/ /oa/ -es	/oo/ (book) /ar/ /ur/ /oo/	said, so, have, were, out,	CVCC -ed /ed/
	/g/ /o/ /c/ /k/ /ck/ /e/ /u/ /r/	/ch/ /sh//th/(voiced	(where there is no change	(food) /or/ /ow/ /oi/ /ear/	like some, come,	CCVC -ed /t/
	/ss/ /h/ /b/ /f/ /ff/ /l/ /ll/	and unvoiced) /ng/ /nk/	to the root word)	/air/ /ure/ /er/ /oa/	there, little, one, do,	CCVCC -ed /d/
					children, love	CCCVC
ELS	I, the, no, put, of, is, to,	he, she, buses we,	/oo/ (book) /ar/ /ur/ oo/	they, all, are, ball, tall,		CCCVCC -er -est
	go, into, pull as, his	me, be push	(food) /or/ /ow/ /oi/ /ear/	when, what		
S			/air/			
Phonics						
<u>ا ج</u>						
-						
FI 6						

## ELG

At the end of Reception, children at the expected level of development will:

## **Comprehension ELG**

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary;
- Anticipate where appropriate key events in stories;
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

## **Word Reading ELG**

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending;
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

## **Writing ELG**

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed;
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters;
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

# Year 1 LITERACY Key Learning Outcomes

#### Aims

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- · read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Writing Purpose and Form  Green= purpose Blue= form (fiction)	Entertain Retell Narrative, Lists, Captions, Labels, Signs	Entertain Traditional Tales, rhyming poetry, Labels	Entertain Retell Fairy tales Inform Instructions	Entertain Retell Narrative Inform Fact file Instructions	Entertain Narrative Letter Recount Inform Instructions	Entertain Narrative Diary Inform Non-chronological report
Red=form (non-fiction)					Histructions	
Writing Text/s	The Queen's Hat	The Three Little Pigs	Cinderella	The Tiger Who Came to Tea	Oliver's Garden	The Storm whale
	This is London	The Three Little Fish and the Big Bad Shark	Rapunzel	Elmer	The Secret Sky Garden	Bubbles
		Room on the Broom		Handa's Surprise		

Grammar Skills  Terminology for pupils:  letter, capital letter word, singular, plural sentence punctuation, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark	How words can combine to make sentences  Separation of words with spaces  Introduction to capital letters, full stops to demarcate sentences	Joining words and joining clauses using 'and'  Capital letters, full stops, finger spaces  Introduction to question marks to demarcate sentences	How the prefix unchanges the meaning of verbs and adjectives [negation, for example, unkind, or undoing: untie the boat]  Capital letters for names and for the personal pronoun I  Capital letters, full stops, finger spaces	Regular plural noun suffixes –s or –es, including the effects of these suffixes on the meaning of the noun  Capital letters, full stops, finger spaces  Introduction to exclamation marks to demarcate sentences	Suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (e.g. helping, helped, helper)  Capital letters, full stops, finger spaces	Sequencing sentences to form short narratives  Capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences
Phonics - ELS	/ay/ /ou/ /ie/ /ea/ –le /oy/ /ir/ /ue/ /aw/ /wh/ /ph/ /ew/ /oe/ /au/ /ey/ /a-e/ /e-e/ /i-e/ /o-e/ /u-e/ /c/ oh, their, people, Mr, Mrs, your, ask, should would, could, asked, house, mouse, water, want, very	Assess and review  /ay/ /ou/ /ie/ /ea/ -le /oy/ /ir/ /ue/ /aw/ /wh/ /ph/ /ew/ /oe/  oh, their, people, Mr, Mrs, your, ask, should would, could, asked, house, mouse, water, want, very	Assess and review  /au/ /ey/ /a-e/ /e-e/ /i-e/  /o-e/ /u-e/ /c/ /y/  /al/ (walk)  please, once any, many, again who, whole where, two	/a/ (acorn) /ey/ (they) /ea/ (great) /eigh/ (weight) /a/ (father) /e/ (he) /i/ (find) /y/ (by) /o/ (go) /a/ (was) /u/ (push) /u/ (music) /ch/ (school) /ch/ (chef) /ea/ (head) /or/ (world) /ear/ (learn) /ou/ (soup) /oul/ (shoulder) /ie/ (brief) /ve/ (have) /y/ (gym) /are/ (care) /ere/ (there) /ear/ (pear) /tch/ (catch) here, sugar, friend, because	/o/ (brother) /g/ (gem) /ge/ (fringe) /dge/ (bridge) /st/ (listen) /ce/ (fence) /se/ (house) /gn/ (sign) /kn/ (knee) /wr/ (wrap) /mb/ (lamb) /se/ (cheese) /ze/ (freeze) /eer/ (cheer) /ere/ (here) /ti/ (patient) /ti/ -tion (station) /al/ (half) /augh/ (caught) /ss/ (session) /si/ (vision) /ti/ - tious (scrumptious) /ci/ (delicious) -ous, -ion, ian	/sc/ science /bt/ doubt /u/ busy /ne/ gone /mn/ column /gh/ ghastly /gu/ guard /ou/ cough /ou/ tough /oo/ flood /wh/ whole /gh/ rough /u/ penguin /aigh/ straight /ei/ ceiling /i/ police /eye/ eyelash /is/ island /uy/ buy /ough/ dough /eau/ plateau /ear/ heart /our/ colour /re/ centre /o/ move /ui/ juice /oe/ shoe /eau/ beautiful /ar/ warm /oar/ roar /oor/ floor /ore/ more /ough/ plough /ar/ scary

# Year 2 LITERACY Key Learning Outcomes

#### **Aims**

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	-					
Writing	<u>Entertain</u>	<u>Entertain</u>	<u>Entertain</u>	<u>Entertain</u>	<u>Entertain</u>	<u>Entertain</u>
Purpose and	Retell Narrative	Character Description	Character Description	Retell Narrative	Character Description	Retell parts of Narrative
Form	Description	Retell Narrative	Retell Narrative	Letter Home	Retell parts of Narrative	Diary
	<u>Inform</u>	Own Narrative	Own Narrative	Description	<u>Inform</u>	<u>Inform</u>
	Recount of trip	<u>Inform</u>	<u>Inform</u>	Inform	<b>Instructions for Potion</b>	Instructions
Green= purpose	•	Letters	Leaflet- new toy	Non-Chronological	Letter to Council	
Blue= form (fiction)			Diary	Report	Recount of trip	
Red=form (non-			•	•		
fiction)						
Writing	Katie in London	Little Red Riding Hood	Traction Man	Lila and the Secret of	The Twits	The Hodgeheg
Text/s				Rain		
	The Queen's Knickers	Other Fairy tales	Supertato		Other Roald Dahl	Claude and the City
			1	Zeraffa Giraffe		
		Into the Forest	Other Superhero texts			
			<b>r</b>	Diary of a Killer Cat		
				Man on the Moon		
				Grace and Family		

Cramma:	as sentences	Evnanded noun phrases	Formation of noung wains	Subordination (using	Correct choice and	Use of the progressive
Grammar	2a sentences	Expanded noun phrases	Formation of nouns using suffixes such as –ness, –er	when, if, that, because)	consistent use of present	form of verbs in the
Skills	Expanded noun phrases for	2a sentences	and by compounding [for	and co-ordination (using	tense and past tense	present and past tense to
	description and	2a sentences	example, whiteboard,	or, and, but)	throughout writing	mark actions in progress
	specification [for example,	Subordination (using	superman]	or, and, but)	tinoughout writing	[for example, she is
Terminology	the blue butterfly, plain	when, if, that, because)	supermanj	Commas to separate items	Formation of adjectives	drumming, he was
for pupils:	flour, the man in the moon]	and co-ordination (using	Use of the suffixes –er, –est in	in a list	using suffixes such as –ful,	shouting]
	nour, the man in the moon,	or, and, but)	adjectives and the use of –ly	III a list	-less	Silouting
noun, noun		or, and, but)	in Standard English to turn	Adverbials of time, place	1055	How the grammatical
phrase	Correct choice and	Adverbs	adjectives into adverbs	and manner	Apostrophes to mark	patterns in a sentence
statement,	consistent use of present				where letters are missing	indicate its function as a
question,	tense and past tense	Formation of adjectives	Inverted commas for speech		in spelling and to mark	statement, question,
	throughout writing	using suffixes such as -ful,	1		singular possession in	exclamation or command
exclamation,		-less	Conjunctions		nouns [for example, the	
command	Subordination (using when,				girl's name]	
compound,	if, that, because) and co-		Commas to separate items in			
suffix	ordination (using or, and,		a list			
adjective,	but)					
adverb, verb	6 1 11 6 11					
tense (past,	Use of capital letters, full					
present)	stops, question marks and exclamation marks to					
apostrophe,	demarcate sentences					
comma	demarcate sentences					
Reading Text	In the first two terms of	In the first two terms of	Traction Man	Diary of a Killer Cat	Tell Me a Dragon	The Hodgeheg
	Year 2 we use the ELS	Year 2 we use the ELS	(Comic style narrative)	(Diary style narrative)	(Narrative)	(Narrative)
Fact retrieval	scheme to consolidate	scheme to consolidate				
Inference	phonics and identify any	phonics and identify any	Supertato	Diary of a Lively Labrador	The Twits	Claude in the City
Word meaning	areas of need that can be	areas of need that can be	(Narrative)	(Diary style Narrative)	(Narrative)	(Narrative)
Sequencing	addressed through	addressed through		Til lul G + CD :	C ' M 11	m :: 1
Ocquerionig	intervention.	intervention.	Superheroes and Comic Books (Information Text)	Lila and the Secret of Rain	George's Marvellous Medicine	Toy instruction manuals (Information Text)
			(information fext)	(Narrative)	(Narrative)	(Information Text)
			Bungleman	Zarafa the Giraffe	(Ivaliative)	Poetry Pie
			(Narrative)	(Narrative)	George's Marvellous	(Poetry)
			(Titalianive)	(Ivaliative)	Experiments	(rochy)
			Cats	Gambia	(Instruction Text)	Nadiya's Bake me a Story
			(Poetry)	(Information Text)		(Narrative and Instruction)
			` ~ ~ ~		Revolting Rhymes	
			Legoland Leaflet	Kenya	(Poetry)	Paddington's Cookery
			(Information)	(Information Text)		Book
						(Instruction)

## Year 3 LITERACY Key Learning Outcomes

#### **Aims**

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- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Writing Purpose and Forms  Green=purpose Blue= form (fiction) Red= form (non-fiction)	Entertain Character description Narrative Familiar Setting Letter (recount) Diary Retell Event Story Mountain Inform Non-chronological Report Persuade Speech	Entertain Retell Narrative Narrative Stop Prediction Inform Newspaper report- Recount Instructions Persuade Advertisement	Entertain Missing Person Instructions Retell parts of Narrative Narrative Stop Prediction Inform Diary Newspaper report Instructions	Entertain Retell parts of Narrative Instruction Inform Non-chronological report Persuade Estate Agent Advert	Entertain Own Myth Inform Non-chronological Report Fact file	Entertain Narrative Description Poetry Persuade Leaflet- Deforestation Letter
Writing Text/s	Paddington	Pugs of the Frozen North Ice Palace Ice Trap	Stig of the Dump	The Iron Man	The Story of Romulus and Remus Other Roman Myths	The Great Kapok Tree
Grammar Skills	-Organisational devices	-Organisational devices	-Organisational devices	-Organisational devices	-Organisational devices -Conjunctions	-Organisational devices

These skills will be covered,	-Tense	-Tense	-Noun and pronoun	-Conjunctions	-Noun and pronoun	-Noun and pronoun
revised and consolidated	-Conjunctions	-Conjunctions	-Adverbs and prepositions of time,	-Subordinate clause	-Adverbs and prepositions of time, cause and place	-Present perfect verbs
throughout the year. The class	-Subordinate clause	-Subordinate clause	cause and place	-Present perfect verbs	-Direct speech	-Direct speech
teacher will also incorporate	-Direct speech	-Adverbs and prepositions of time,	-Direct speech	-Article 'a' or 'an'		-Article 'a' or 'an'
skills from previous years dependent on need.	-Article 'a' or 'an'	cause and place				
Reading Texts Each week a	Paddington (Narrative)	Pugs of the Frozen North (Narrative)	Stig of the Dump (Narrative)	Iron Man (Narrative)	The Story of Romulus and Remus (Myth & Legend)	The Great Kapok Tree (Narrative)
new reading skill is selected	Secret Suffragette (Narrative)	Ice Palace (Narrative)	The Wild Way Home (Narrative)	Walker Book of Magical Stories (Narrative)	Other Roman Myths (Myth & Legend)	The Minpins (Narrative)
based on a GAP Analysis from the previous	First Man on the Moon (Information Text)	Ice Trap (Narrative)	Ug Boy Genius of the Stone	The Magician's Nephew (Narrative)	The Mammoth Book of Celtic	Raving about Rainforests (Information Text)
term's assessment. All	Suffragette - The Battle for Equality	Research on the Edge - Polar Regions (Information Text)	Age (Comic) The Danger Zone - Avoid	Krindlekrax (Narrative)	Myths and Legends (Myth & Legend)	Jemmy Button (Narrative)
skills are covered at least	(Information Text)	Oceania & Antarctica	being a Mammoth Hunter! (Information Text)	The Snow Maze (Narrative)	Days of the Knights (Information Text)	National Geographic - Strange Plants (Information
once during the term.	The Stone Age (Information text)	(Information Text)  Explorer (Narrative)	Suffragette, The Diary of Dollie Baxter (Journal)		Celtic Tales & Legends (Myth & Legend)	Text) Step Up Science - Habitats
-Word Meaning -Fact Retrieval -Summary		Antarctic Adventure	Early People (Information		An Encyclopaedia of Myths and	(Information Text)
-Inference -Prediction		(Narrative) Polar habitats	Text) Friend or Foe (Narrative)		Legends (Myth & Legend)  Fly, Eagle, Fly! An African Tale	One Plastic Bag (True Story)  The Green Ship (Narrative)
-Connections/ Links and		(Information Text)	Thend of Foe (tvariative)		(Narrative)	Deep in the Rainforest
Meaning -Authors use of						(Poem)
Words and Phrases						
-Comparisons						

## Year 4 LITERACY Key Learning Outcomes

#### **Aims**

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- · read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- · develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas
- are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Writing Purpose and Forms  Green=purpose Blue= form (fiction) Red= form (non-fiction) Purple= Opportunities for other subject links	Entertain Retell parts of Narrative Play script Diary Inform Biography Comparisons Non-chronological Report Persuade Letter to Parliament	Entertain Missing Poster Character Description Retell Narrative Retell Chapters Inform Letter/Postcard Instruction- Mummification Non-chronological Report Persuade Advert Mummification	Entertain Retell Parts of Narrative Setting of Description Letter to Beowulf Newspaper report Inform Non-chronological Report Instruction Persuade Letter- needed/wanted- hero	Entertain Retell Narrative Inform Fact file Instructions Non-chronological report Persuade Advert- Sell Dragon Advert – Viking job description	Entertain Fantasy Narrative Scenes of Narrative Own Narrative Narrative Stop Prediction Inform Fact file Biography Recount Explanation	Entertain Retell Parts of Narrative Newspaper report Inform Non-chronological Report
Writing Text/s	Street Child Peter Pan	The Miraculous Journey of Edward Tulane The Lost Happy Endings Egyptian Cinderella	Monster Slayer Beowulf	How to Train Your Dragon Tale of King Harold	Outlaw Arthur: The Seeing Stone	Varjak Paw

Grammar Skills  These skills will be covered, revised and consolidated throughout the year. The class teacher will also incorporate skills from previous years dependent on need.	-Fronted adverbials -Expanded noun phrases -Standard English -Determiners -Possessive pronouns	Monster Slayer (use as reading text to pre-teach for Beowulf)  -Fronted adverbials  -Expanded noun phrases  -Plural and possessive apostrophe  -Possessive pronouns	-Fronted adverbials -Expanded noun phrases -Prepositions -Determiners -Possessive pronouns	-Fronted adverbials -Expanded noun phrases -Plural and possessive apostrophe -Standard English	-Fronted adverbials -Expanded noun phrases -Prepositions -Determiners	-Fronted adverbials -Expanded noun phrases -Plural and possessive apostrophe -Standard English
Reading Texts Each week a new reading skill is selected based on a GAP Analysis from the previous term's assessment. All skills are covered at least once during the termWord Meaning -Fact Retrieval -Summary -Inference -Prediction -Connections/ Links and Meaning	Life Inside the Workhouse (Information Text)  The Water Babies (Narrative)  Street Child (Narrative)  The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe (Narrative)	The Reluctant Dragon (Short Story)  The Voyage of the Dawn Treader (Narrative)  Monster Slayer (Myth & Legend)  A Christmas Carol (Narrative)  The Grinch (Narrative)	Beowulf (Myth & Legend)  Monster Slayer (Myth & Legend)  Smashing Saxons (Information Text)  The Once and Future King (Narrative)  William the Conquerer (Biography)  Stories of Merlin (Myth & Legend)  The Last Battle (Narrative)	How to Train Your Dragon (Narrative)  The Paper Bag Princess (Short Story)  Vicious Vikings (Information Text)  Erik Bloodax (Information Text)  Viking Myths (Myth & Legend)  Tale of King Harold (Myth & Legend)	Outlaw (Narrative)  Arthur: The Seeing Stone (Narrative)  Biography of Alexander Graham Bell (Biography)  The Silver Chair (Narrative)  Jabberwocky (Poem)  The Cat in the Hat (Poem)  Oliver Twist (Narrative)  Weslandia (Narrative)	Varjak Paw (Narrative)  The Jungle Book (Narrative)  Aesop's Fables (Fables)  How the Whale Came to Be (Creation Tale)  Watership Down (Narrative)  The Horse and His Boy (Narrative)

-Authors use of			
Words and			
Phrases			
-Comparisons			

## Year 5 LITERACY Key Learning Outcomes

#### **Aims**

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- · read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- · develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Writing	<u>Entertain</u>	<b>Entertain</b>	<u>Entertain</u>	<b>Entertain</b>	<u>Entertain</u>	<u>Entertain</u>
Purpose and	Character Description	Retell Narrative	Retell Narrative	Myths	Character Description	Narrative Stop Predict
Forms	Retell parts of	Different Narrative	Opening Scene	Character profile	Retell Narrative	Cliff hanger
	Narrative	Structure- End first	<u>Inform</u>	<u>Inform</u>	Scene Setting- Garage	Retell Narrative
Green=purpose Blue= form (fiction)	Recount	<u>Inform</u>	Newspaper report	Non-chronological	Narrative Stop Predict	Different Narrative
Red= form (non-fiction)	<u>Inform</u>	Survival Guide	Leaflet (NCR)	report- Ancient Greece	<u>Discuss</u>	Structure- Start from end
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	An Owner's Guide	Informal Letter	<u>Persuade</u>	Instructions	Balanced Argument- Home	<u>Inform</u>
	Newspaper Report-	Home	Formal Letter- Climate	<u>Persuade</u>	Schooling or not/ online	Non-chronological report
	Significant Historical	Instructions	Change	Advertisements	learning	<u>Persuade</u>
	Event x 2	Explanation- Plague	<u>Discuss</u>			Travel Brochure
		<u>Persuade</u>	Balanced argument			
		Formal Letter of				
		Complaint/Persuade				
Writing Text/s	Clockwork	Holes	Floodland	Medusa and Perseus	Skellig	1001 Nights
		Raven Boy		The Journey of	George's Secret Key to the	Sinbad the Sailor
				Odysseus	Universe	
						Ali Baba
Grammar Skills	-Use of a thesaurus	-Use of a thesaurus	-Use of a thesaurus	-Use of a thesaurus	-Use of a thesaurus	-Use of a thesaurus
These skills will be covered,	-Relative clauses	-Modal verbs	-Perfect verbs for time and cause	-Modal verbs	-Perfect verbs for time and cause	-Modal verbs

consolidated throughout the year. The class teacher will also	dverbials for hesion rackets, dashes and mmas for renthesis	-Perfect verbs for time and cause -Relative clauses	-Converting nouns and adjectives to verbs -Brackets, dashes and commas for parenthesis	-Converting nouns and adjectives to verbs -Adverbials for cohesion	-Relative clauses -Verb prefixes -Commas for ambiguity -Brackets, dashes and commas for parenthesis	-Converting nouns and adjectives to verbs -Adverbials for cohesion
based on a GAP Analysis from the previous term's assessment. All skills are covered at least once during the termWord Meaning -Fact Retrieval -Summary -Inference -Prediction -Connections/	Clockwork (Narrative)  Tudor Wedding (Diary)  oad Learns a Lesson (Narrative)  the Listeners (Poem)  The Dragons are Hiding (Poem)  Flight (Narrative)  No Gun for Asmir (Narrative)  ueen Victoria's Diary (Diary)	Raven Boy (Narrative)  Holes (Narrative)  The Great Fire (Poem)  Oliver Twist (Narrative)  Holes (Narrative)  Varjak Paw (Narrative)  Total Eclipse (Newspaper Article)	Floodland (Narrative)  The Lord of the Rings (Narrative)  If (Poem)  Organic is Best- Or is It? (Balanced Argument)  Born On a Blue Day (Biography)  Rubbish- Down in the Dumps (Information Text)  Carried With a Mighty Force (Narrative)	Icarus (Myth)  How Music Made Peace (Myth & Legend)  Amazons (Myth and Legend)  The Highwayman (Poem)  King Midas (Myth & Legend)  How an Aircraft Works (Information Text)	Skellig (Narrative)  The Ghost of Thomas Kemp (Narrative)  Boy (Autobiography)  The War of the Worlds (Narrative)  A Smuggler's Song (Poem)  The Demon Headmaster (Narrative)  The Old Photograph (Narrative)	George's Secret Key to the Universe (Narrative)  1001 Nights (Narrative)  Sinbad the Sailor (Narrative)  Ali Baba (Narrative)  Aladdin and the Magic Lamp (Narrative)  The Flying Horse (Narrative)  The Sultan and The Doctor (Narrative)

## Year 6 LITERACY Key Learning Outcomes

#### Aims

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- · read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Writing Purpose and Forms  Green=purpose	Entertain Retell Narrative Scene Setting Inform Newspaper report	Entertain Retell Fantasy Narrative Inform Newspaper report	Entertain Character Description Retell Narrative Scene Setting Inform	Entertain Creation Poetry Inform Recount Non-chronological	Entertain Retell Narrative Scene Setting Inform Non-chronological report	Entertain Narrative Play Scripts
Blue= form (fiction) Red= form (non-fiction)	Letter Diary Instructions	Non-chronological report Letters Discuss Balanced argument- To kill or not to kill a king	Biography Chronological report <u>Discuss</u> Balanced Argument	report- Creation Stories	Explanation	Fill This term with any area of need across all purposes.
Writing Text/s	Great Expectations  War Poetry - Owen,  Sassoon	Macbeth The Hobbit	Wild Boy	Creation Stories Ozymandias	The Savage The Graveyard Book	Class Production Text  Alice Through the Looking Glass?
Grammar Skills	-Informal techniques	-Passive/ active sentences	-Subjunctive form	-Formal techniques	-Passive/ active sentences	-Formal techniques

These skills will	-Cohesive devices	-Cohesive devices	-Synonyms and	-Subjunctive form	-Informal techniques	-Cohesive devices
be covered,			antonyms		imormar teeminquee	0011001110 0011000
revised and	-;:- between	-Elipsis		-Cohesive devices	-Synonyms and antonyms	-Elipsis
consolidated	independent clauses		-Cohesive devices			
throughout the		-;:- between		-Hyphens for ambiguity	-Cohesive devices	-Dialogue to convey
year. The class	-Subject, verb, object	independent clauses	-Colons for lists			character and advance
teacher will also				-Colons for lists	-Punctuation of bullet points	action
incorporate	-Dialogue to convey	-Dialogue to convey	-Subject, verb, object		-	
skills from	character and advance	character and			-Dialogue to convey	
previous years	action	advance action	-Dialogue to convey		character and advance action	
dependent on			character and advance			
need.			action			
Reading Texts	Great Expectations	Macbeth (Play	Wild Boy (Narrative)	Clara's Freedom Quilt	The Savage (Graphic Novel)	Class Production Text
Each week a	(Narrative)	Script)		(Picture Book)		(Play Script)
new reading			The Circus (Short Story)		The Graveyard Book	
skill is selected	Rose Blanche (Picture	The Hobbit	Garliala (Massacia)	Wonder (Narrative)	(Narrative)	Daily life in the Islamic
based on a GAP	Book)	(Narrative)	Gaslight (Narrative)	The Debbit (Decom)	Dei alatata en (Manuatiana)	Golden Age (Information
Analysis from the previous	Green Candles (Poem)	Refugees (Poem)	When Darwin Sailed the	The Rabbit (Poem)	Brightstorm (Narrative)	Text)
term's	Green Candles (Poem)	Refugees (Poelli)	Sea (Information Text)	Tales of Ancient Worlds	Secret Garden (Narrative)	Overheard in a Tower
assessment. All	Charles Dickens	Theatres in	Sea (Illior mation Text)	(Short Story)	Secret Garden (Narrative)	Block (Poem)
skills are	(Biography)	Shakespeare's Time	The history of the Circus	(Short Story)	Room 13 (Short Story)	DIOCK (1 Ochi)
covered at least	(Biography)	(Information Text)	(Information Text)	Great Civilisations:	Room 13 (Short Story)	Kensuke's Kingdom
once during the	The Viewer (Picture	(Internation Tone)	(2222222222222222	Shang Dynasty China	Incredible Ecosystems of	(Narrative)
term.	Book)	Amelia Earhart	Adventures in Space	(Information Text)	Planet Earth (Information	(= 1.112 1112 1 5)
-Word Meaning	,	(Information Text)	(Information Text)		Text)	The Final Push (Short
-Fact Retrieval	Private Peaceful			The Green Planet		Story)
-Summary	(Narrative)	A Christmas Carol		(Information Text)	Survivors (Recount)	
-Inference		(Narrative)				The Arrival (Graphic
-Prediction	The Chronicles of			Run run run (Narrative)		Novel)
-Connections/	Narnia: The Lion, The			•		
Links and	Witch and The					
Meaning	Wardrobe (Narrative)					
-Authors use of						
Words and						
Phrases						
-Comparisons						